Pozdravljeni osmošolci!

Že kar nekaj časa se ukvarjamo s Present Perfectom. Vendar pa ob spremljanju vašega dela opažam, da tega časa nekateri ne obvladate najbolj.

Dodali bomo še nekatere dodatne primere rabe tega glagolskega časa. Potem pa boste delali še vaje za utrjevanje. Glagolska oblika ni težka. Največjo težavo predstavljajo nepravilni glagoli. Upam, da jih znate. Pametno je, da se učite sproti in delate vaje, ki jih zahtevam, drugače boste imeli težave z učenjem tega kar sledi. Pišite mi, če česa ne razumete in pošljite naloge!

Vemo, da se Present Perfect uporablja z besedami (signal words): ever, never, before, already, yet, just, since, for.

Poleg teh v stavkih v Present Perfectu srečamo tudi: lately / recently, so far in tudi always.

She hasn’t been here **lately /recently**. – V zadnjem času / pred kratkim ni bila tukaj.

How many exercises have you finished **so far**/ up to now? – Koliko nalog si končal do zdaj?

I have **always** wanted to visit Paris. – Vedno sem si želela obiskati Pariz.

Oglejmo si še razliko med glagoloma been in gone.

My friends have been to New Zealand. (They have gone there and come back.)

Moji prijatelji so bili v Novi Zelandiji. (Šli so tja in prišli domov. Zdaj so doma.)

My friends have gone to New Zealand. (They are in New Zealand now.)

Moji prijatelji so šli v Novo Zelandijo. (Zdaj so tam.)

Zdaj boste naredili dve strani Present Perfect-vaje (str.2,3,4) Pošljite mi 3. in 4.stran nalog!

Vajam sledi pregled besedišča – environmental problems (str.5,6). Preglejte, če besede razumete!

Na str.6, 7 sta še dve besedili na temo okoljskih problemov, ki jih lahko preberete. Pomagajo vam lahko pri pisanju spisa in utrjevanju besedišča.

Poleg tega na englishexercises.org naredite še 3 strani nalog za ponovitev besedišča na to temo – svetlo zeleno stran, stran z naslovom: The Environment, Pollution in str. z naslovom: Saving Tropical Rainforests

Kdor ima oceno 4, 5 naj namesto nalog na spletu pošlje nalogo, ki je na drugi povezavi na spletni strani (The environment – vocabulary practice).

Naloge mi pošljite do srede 22.4.! Naloge pošiljajte na: irena.scek@os-sturje.si

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MA3NFtLc22k> - pesmica v pomoč za učenje nepravilnih glagolov

Svetujem vam, da se v tem tednu malo bolj posvetite angleščini. V petek boste na vaše email naslove dobili preverjanje znanja, ki ga boste takoj naredili in potem poslali nazaj meni.

V počastitev dneva zemlje vabimo k ogledu filma Žejni svet (od 17.4. do 24.4) na spodnji povezavi

<http://arnes.splet.arnes.si/vabimo-vas-k-ogledu-dokumentarnega-filma-zejni-svet-yanna-arthus-bertranda/>

**1) Write the past participle of the verbs.** Napiši 3.obliko glagolov!

**1. carry \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2. go \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**3. break \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 4. catch \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**5. choose \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 6. keep \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**7. draw \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 8. teach \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**9. write \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 9**

**2) Underline the correct words in bold.** Podčrtaj ustrezno izmed krepko tiskanih besed v stavkih!

1. Sarah **has/have** never tasted Japanese food.

2. I haven’t **live/lived** in the city before now.

3. Have your parents ever visited Spain? Yes, they **do/have**.

4. **Have/Has** Mary ever stayed in any hotels? Yes, several times.

5. Has Sam ever played golf? No, he **hasn’t/doesn’t**. 5

**3) Fill in the gaps with the verbs in the present perfect.** Dopolni z glagoli v Present Perfectu.

1. My friend Ted \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (spend) a lot of money on gadgets.

2. My father \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (not/buy) a new car.

3. The students \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (write) a lot of tests this term.

4. I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (travel) a lot.

5. They \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (not/have) lunch this morning. 5

**4) Choose been or gone.** Izberi **been** ali **gone,** v sledečih stavkih!

1. ‘Where is Pamela?’ ‘She’s been/gone home.

2. ‘Do you like Berlin?’ ‘Yes. I’ve been/gone there twice and I love it.’

3. Jane’s been/gone to the dentist and now she’s going shopping.

4. Nick and Ann aren’t here. They’ve been/gone to the cinema.

5. Alan’s been/gone at the gym. He feels exhausted. 5

**5) Complete the sentences. Use for or since.** Vstavi **for** ali **since**!

1. We haven’t watched TV \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Monday.

2. The boy hasn’t eaten anything \_\_\_\_\_\_ six hours.

3. I’ve known Pam \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ primary school.

4. What have you done \_\_\_\_\_\_you finished school?

5. We have studied Chinese \_\_\_\_\_\_ three years. 5

**6) Make questions using these words.** Napiši vprašanja iz danih besed!

1. you / visited / Have / ever / Paris ?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2. your dad / ever / Has / anything / invented ?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

3. watched / the best / What’s / you / have / film / ever ?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

4. lived / Jeremy / in / How long / has / Oxford ?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

5. you / the most / book / interesting / have / ever / What’s / read ?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 10

**7) Choose just, yet or already.**  Podčrtaj ustrezno besedo (just, already ali yet)!

1. He is here now. He has **just/already/yet** arrived.

2. Has Paul started his new job **just/already/yet**?

3. Their plane has not landed **just/already/yet?**

4. Ned has **just/already/yet** fed his pets.

5. Her hair’s wet. She’s **just/already/yet** washed it.

6. They have **just/already/yet** visited a lot of countries. 6

**8) Give the past participles of these verbs**

Zapiši 3.obliko glagolov!

1. Watch \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2. Play \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 3. Sing \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 4. Make \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 5. Cook \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 6. Speak \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 7. Tidy \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 8. Wash \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 9. Swim \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 10. Cut \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 11. Study \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 12. Help \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 13. Work \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 14. Fly \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 15. Choose \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 16. Come \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 17. Teach \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 18. Run \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 19. Go \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 20. Take \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 21. Care \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 22. Like \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 23. Paint \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 24. Eat \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 25. Learn \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 26. Cry \_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**9) Complete the sentences with been or gone**

Dopolni povedi z **been** ali **gone.**

1 . Where is Dave ? He’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_to the cinema.

2. Has Sally ever\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_to Ireland ? No, never. 3. Allan ‘s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_to live in The USA. 4. Dad ‘s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_shopping, he’ll be back in an hour. 5. Amy has\_\_\_\_\_\_in hospital for two weeks now. 6.We haven’t\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_to the restaurant for ages 7. Where have you\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_? I was looking for you!

**10) Make sentences in the present perfect.**

Napiši stavke. Pazi glagoli morajo biti v Present Perfectu!

1 .\*I\* never\*eat \* frog legs

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2. \*? \* you\* ever\* be\* to \*Ireland

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

3. \*who\* break\* ?\*the lamp\* in the hall\*

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

4.\*we\*not\* see\* our neighbours\* for ages\*

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

5.\*your brother\* ever\* try\* bungee jumping\*

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

6. \*they \* never\* like\* hitch hiking\*

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

7. \*Sam \* get \*a detention\* 4 times \*already\*

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**11) Write the questions corresponding to the following answers.**

Napiši vprašanja. Odgovori so označeni z rumeno. Pazi na pravilno obliko glagola!

1 .\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ?I have broken a very precious vase.

2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  ?My sister has decided to live in Paris. 3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  ? Dan has gone to the gym , so he’s not in**.**  4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  ?We have lived in this house for 7years.5 . \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ? My sister hasn’t finished her work because of an extra meeting .

6. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  ? Steve has repaired my smart phone. 7. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  ? No, I have never been to the USA. 8. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  ? Oh dear, I have lost my wallet! 9. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  ? Sally has decided to take a 2 week holiday. 10. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  ? Mandy has been ill since last Sunday.

**12) Correct the mistakes.** Popravi napake. Bodi pozoren na pravilno obliko glagola!

1 . I have work in a pub. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2. She have changed her car . \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 3. We have lived in this town for 2003. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

4. Has you ever been to Spain? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 5. She didn’t corrected her tests yet. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

6. Dad have just came back from school. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

7. Your brother has already did her homework. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

8. My friends are not at home, they’ve been to the supermarket . \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

9. I have known you since five years. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**ENVIRONMENTAL PROBLEMS**

**re-use, reduce, recycle**

hose pipe ban

drop/pick up a banana skin

the rest of the food (leftovers)

fix the chewing gum

kitchen bin/dustbin

instead of

build nuclear power stations

pollute the environment

throw rubbish into the river

be careful with the Earth’s resources

use up coal

raw material

share cars

use lead-free petrol

use public transport

**at home**

waste/save electricity

turn off lights

use energy-saving light bulbs

take showers not baths

turn off the taps

use recycled paper

use both sides of writing paper

sort and recycle the rubbish

use food scraps and leftovers for compost

take newspapers to the newspaper collection

put bottles in a bottle bank

put cans in a can bank

take batteries to a battery bank

take plastic containers to the recycling bank

give away rather than throw away

**doing the shopping**

shop with reusable bags

refuse plastic carrier bags

reuse carrier bags if something is already in a wrapping

buy drinks in returnable bottles

buy rechargeable batteries

buy energy-efficient appliances

donate packaging to nurseries, where it can be used in art

feeling guilty for throwing things away

landfill – the disposal of waste material by burying it

**Facts on global warming**

**Global Warming**

 Global warming is an increase in the Earth's temperature, which causes changes in climate. A warmer Earth leads to a rise in sea level, and impacts on plants, wildlife, and humans. Scientists believe that global warming is caused by human activities.

They are sure about the greenhouse effect ( effet de serre )

**The greenhouse effect**

What is a greenhouse ? A greenhouse is made of glass. It traps the sun's energy inside and keeps the plants warm, even in winter.

Earth's atmosphere does the same thing as the greenhouse. Gases in the atmosphere such as carbon dioxide do what the roof of a greenhouse does. some of the heat is trapped by the greenhouse gases in the atmosphere. That's what keeps our Earth warm. The point is, if the greenhouse effect is too strong, Earth gets warmer and warmer. This is what is happening now.

This phenomenon is called the global warming.

Global warming makes the sea level become higher.

Why?

 Hotter weather makes glaciers melt. A glacier is a large sheet of ice that moves very, very slowly. Some melting glaciers add more water to the ocean. When water expands in the ocean, it takes up more space and the level of the sea rises.

Higher sea levels will threaten the low-lying coastal areas of the world, such as the Netherlands and Bangladesh. Many people will have to leave their homes and large areas of farmland will be ruined because of floods.

**What Might Happen?**

Scientists don't know exactly what will happen in the future. But they can use special computer programs to find out how the climate may change in the future. And the computer programs tell us that the Earth's temperature will probably continue to rise as long as we continue increasing the amount of greenhouse gases in the atmosphere.

Whenever we drive or ride in a car, we are adding greenhouse gases to the atmosphere. And, when factories make the things that we buy and use everyday, they too are sending greenhouse gases into the air.

**What can we do ?**

**Save Electricity**

Whenever we use electricity, we help put greenhouse gases into the air. By turning off lights, the television, and the computer when you leave a room , you can help a lot.The less energy we use, the better.

**Bike, Bus, and Walk**

You can save energy by sometimes taking the bus, riding a bike, or walk .

**Recycle**

Recycle cans, bottles, plastic bags, and newspapers. When you recycle, you send less trash to the landfill and you help save natural resources, like trees, oil, and elements such as aluminum.

**Cars**

Cars are an important part of life for most people. But cars also cause pollution and release a lot of greenhouse gases into the air.

Some people also use less energy by carpooling . For example, four people can ride together in one car instead of driving four cars to work .

**DEFORESTATION**

 The Amazon forest covers five million square kilometers, an area as big as the whole Europe excluding Russia. It contains one third of the world’s trees. However, the trees are disappearing. By 1974, a quarter of the forest had already been cut down. In the following year, 1975, four per cent of the remaining trees went. If the destruction of the forest continues at the same rate, there will be nothing left in a few years.

 Scientists say that the disappearance of trees is already causing changes in the climate. In Peru, there is less snow than before on the high peaks of the Andes mountains. In Bolivia there is very little rain.

 What will happen if more of the Amazon forest is cut down? According to climatologists if the Amazon forest disappears, there will be less oxygen and it will be difficult for us to breathe, the temperature will rise, the ice-caps at the North and the South poles will melt. Even the sea level will rise. Therefore, seaside cities will be flooded.

 Scientists do not agree about the calculations which can be done in different ways with different results. But all the scientists agree that if we destroy the Amazon forest, it will be an environmental suicide. Life on earth will become difficult, and it may become impossible.